REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(with additional information)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

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SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A Regional Firm with Offices throughout Michigan

Iron Mountain Office:

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Michelle Christian, BSA - Senior

Member of:

Private Companies Practice Section American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education School District of the City of Iron Mountain Iron Mountain, Michigan

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, each fiduciary fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain ("District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, each fiduciary fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and the pension and other post-employment benefits schedules as reported in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

Certified Public Accountants Iron Mountain, Michigan

October 27, 2023

School District of the City of Iron Mountain's Management Discussion and Analysis is intended to assist the reader to focus on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the District's financial activity, and identify changes in the District's financial position including its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges. It also identifies any material deviations from the financial plan and identifies individual fund issues or concerns. This is a requirement of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) as amended by GASB Statement No. 63, GASB Statement No. 65, and GASB Statement No. 68 and 75, GASB Statement No. 71 an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, GASB 84, GASB 87, and GASB 96 and is intended to provide the financial results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

District-Wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information)
(Other than MD&A expanded)

As mentioned, GASB 34, as amended by GASB Statement No. 63 and 65, requires the presentation of two basic types of financial statements: District-Wide Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-Wide Financial Statements provide a perspective of the District as a whole. These financial statements use the full accrual basis of accounting similar to private sector companies. There are two District-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position combines and consolidates governmental funds: current financial resources (short-term available resources) (assets, liabilities, and deferred outflow/inflows of resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations, regardless of their current availability.

Consistent with the full accrual basis method of accounting, the Statement of Activities accounts for current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. The intent of this statement is to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the costs of various District services.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements are similar to financial presentations of years past, but are focused on the District's Major Funds rather than fund types as in the past. The two Account Groups: General Fixed Assets and General Long-Term Debt are no longer reported. Consistent with previous years, the fund statements are reported using the modified accrual method of accounts. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when received, except when they are measurable and available and therefore represent resources that may be appropriated. Expenditures are accounted for in the period those goods and services are used in school programs. In addition, capital asset purchases are expensed and not recorded as an asset. Debt payments are recorded as expenditures in the current year, and future debt obligations are not recorded.

Fund types include the General Fund, Community Schools Fund, Food Service Fund, Student Activities, Scholarships, Debt Retirement Fund, and Building and Site Fund. The General Fund is used primarily to account for the general education requirements of the District. For fiscal years ending June 30, 2023 and June 2022, Athletics is combined with General Fund. Its revenues are derived from property taxes, state and federal distributions and grants, and other intergovernmental revenues. The Community Schools Fund (Special Revenue Fund) is used to account for the Iron Mountain-Kingsford Community Schools activities. The Food Service Fund is used to record food service revenues derived from local, state and federal sources and expenses associated with running the food service program. The Student Activities Fund is used to record student extracurricular clubs and activities. The Scholarships Fund is used to record scholarship activity. The Debt Retirement Fund is used to record the funding and payment of principal and interest on bonded debt. The Building and Site Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of major capital facilities.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Summary of Net Position

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Assets:		
Current assets	\$ 7,178,351	\$ 5,251,194
Net capital assets	21,472,233	21,804,773
Total assets	_28,650,584	27,055,967
Deferred pension and OPEB outflows	5,353,690	2,983,561
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities	1,913,667	1,677,119
Long term liabilities	22,089,373	17,004,584
Total liabilities	_24,003,040	18,681,703
Deferred pension and OPEB inflows	2,874,329	6,879,839
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	15,392,233	15,019,773
Restricted	438,760	342,623
Unrestricted	_(8,704,088)	(10,884,410)
Total Net Position	\$ 7,126,905	\$ 4,477,986

The School District's net position was \$7,126,905 at June 30, 2023, compared to \$4,477,986 at June 30, 2022. Total net position can be separated into three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net capital assets are a combination of funds available for capital assets less accumulated depreciation and related debt. The original cost of capital assets was \$34,240,557 at June 30, 2023, and \$33,839,649 at June 30, 2022. The accumulated depreciation is the accumulation of depreciation expense since acquisition. In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), depreciation expense is recorded on the original cost of the asset, less any estimated salvage value, expensed over the estimated use life of the assets. Total accumulated depreciation was \$12,768,324 at June 30, 2023, and \$12,316,756 at June 30, 2022. Total debt related to capital assets was \$6,080,000 at June 30, 2023, and \$6,785,000 at June 30, 2022.

Restricted assets by their nature, are restricted for use by laws or regulations by the State of Michigan. These funds totaled \$438,760 at June 30, 2023, compared to \$342,623 at June 30, 2022.

The remaining balance in unrestricted assets represents a deficit balance of \$(8,704,088) at June 30, 2023, and \$(10,884,410) at June 30, 2022. The deficit balance is a result of GASB Statement No. 68 and 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Other Post Employment Benefits, and GASB Statement No. 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2020. Additional information regarding GASB Statements No. 68, 71 and 75 can be found in the audit report under Notes 9 and 10 and in the Required Supplementary Information section.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. A summary of the District-Wide results of operations for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Program revenue \$ 922,609 \$ 741,372 Operating grants-federal, state, and local 2,457,516 1,977,951 Total program revenue 3,380,125 2,719,323 General revenue Property taxes levied for general operations Property taxes levied for debt service 943,907 897,926 State revenue sharing Other-federal, state and local 1,734,69 40,494 Total general revenue 10,808,535 9,678,335 Total revenue 14,188,660 12,397,658 Expenses Instruction 5,100,894 4,377,194 Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506 Net Position June 30 \$ 7,126,905 \$ 4,477,985		June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Operating grants-federal, state, and local 2,457,516 1,977,951 Total program revenue 3,380,125 2,719,323 General revenue Property taxes levied for general operations Property taxes levied for debt service 1,951,592 1,848,813 Property taxes levied for debt service 943,907 897,926 State revenue sharing 7,739,567 6,891,102 Other-federal, state and local 173,469 40,494 Total general revenue 10,808,535 9,678,335 Total revenue 14,188,660 12,397,658 Expenses Instruction 5,100,894 4,377,194 Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	•		
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General revenue Property taxes levied for general operations 1,951,592 1,848,813 Property taxes levied for debt service 943,907 897,926 State revenue sharing 7,739,567 6,891,102 Other-federal, state and local 173,469 40,494 Total general revenue 10,808,535 9,678,335 Total revenue 14,188,660 12,397,658 Expenses Instruction 5,100,894 4,377,194 Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	Total program revenue	3.380.125	2.719.323
Property taxes levied for general operations 1,951,592 1,848,813 Property taxes levied for debt service 943,907 897,926 State revenue sharing 7,739,567 6,891,102 Other-federal, state and local 173,469 40,494 Total general revenue 10,808,535 9,678,335 Total revenue 14,188,660 12,397,658 Expenses Instruction 5,100,894 4,377,194 Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506			
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Property taxes levied for debt service 943,907 897,926 State revenue sharing 7,739,567 6,891,102 Other-federal, state and local 173,469 40,494 Total general revenue 10,808,535 9,678,335 Total revenue 14,188,660 12,397,658 Expenses Instruction 5,100,894 4,377,194 Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	Property taxes levied for general operations	1,951,592	1,848,813
State revenue sharing 7,739,567 6,891,102 Other-federal, state and local 173,469 40,494 Total general revenue 10,808,535 9,678,335 Total revenue 14,188,660 12,397,658 Expenses Instruction 5,100,894 4,377,194 Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	Property taxes levied for debt service	943,907	
Other-federal, state and local 173,469 40,494 Total general revenue 10,808,535 9,678,335 Total revenue 14,188,660 12,397,658 Expenses 18,500,894 4,377,194 Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	State revenue sharing	7,739,567	
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Expenses Instruction	Total general revenue	10,808,535	9,678,335
Expenses Instruction	Total revenue	14 188 660	12 307 658
Instruction 5,100,894 4,377,194 Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506		14,100,000	12,397,038
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Support services 4,389,564 3,391,562 Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	Instruction	5,100,894	4.377.194
Community activities 718,553 714,290 School service 699,712 564,346 Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	Support services	· ·	· ·
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Interest on long-term debt 179,448 186,149 Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	School service	•	•
Depreciation (unallocated) 451,569 448,638 Total expenses 11,539,740 9,682,179 Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	Interest on long-term debt		•
Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	_		
Increase in net position 2,648,920 2,715,479 Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506		-	\ <u></u>
Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	Total expenses	11,539,740	9,682,179
Net Position July 1 4,477,985 1,762,506	Increase in mot models a	2 (12 222	
N. D. W. T. 20	increase in net position	2,648,920	2,715,479
N. P. W. T. and	Net Position July 1	4.477.985	1.762.506
Net Position June 30 \$ 7,126,905 \$ 4,477,985	•	.,,	1,102,200
	Net Position June 30	\$ 7,126,905	\$ 4,477,985

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The overall condition of the governmental funds has increased during the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. The primary reason for the increase was an increase in state and federal revenue, and an operating contribution to General Fund of \$150,000 from Iron Mountain-Kingsford Community Schools for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUDGETING AND OPERATING HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budgets are prepared according to Michigan law and are initially adopted prior to July 1 of each year, before student enrollment counts are known. Therefore, it is expected that there will be changes between the initial budget and subsequent budgets, as actual enrollments are known. The most significant fund budgeted is the General Fund operations. The General Fund operating budget was amended monthly during fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

General Fund Operations

In the General Fund operations, the actual revenue for fiscal year June 30, 2023 was \$9,767,370. This is above the original budget of \$8,426,977 and above the final budget of \$9,713,938 - a variance of 0.55%. The actual expenditures of the general fund for fiscal year June 30, 2023 operations were \$9,136,467. This is above the original budget of \$8,228,649 and above the final budget of \$9,125,707 - a variance of 0.12%.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND EXPENDITURES

Below is a summary of the governmental fund expenditures and their percentages as they relate to total governmental funds:

	Total Expenditures June 30, 2023		Expenditures		Percentage	Total xpenditures one 30, 2022	Percentage
General Fund Community Schools Other Funds	\$	9,441,339 2,168,552 1,356,700	72.81% 16.72% 10.46%	\$ 8,510,743 1,972,469 1,402,393	71.60% 16.60% 11.80%		
Total Expenditures	\$	12,966,591	100.00%	\$ 11,885,605	100.00%		

TOTAL REVENUES

Below is a summary of the governmental fund revenues and their percentages as they relate to governmental funds.

	Total Revenue ne 30, 2023	Percentage	Ju	Total Revenue ne 30, 2022	Percentage
State revenue sharing	\$ 7,739,567	52.75%	\$	6,891,102	46.97%
Property taxes general operation	1,951,592	13.30%		1,848,813	12.60%
Operating grants federal, state, local	2,457,516	16.75%		1,977,951	13.48%
Property taxes debt retirement	943,907	6.43%		897,926	6.12%
Charges for services - local/support	922,609	6.29%		741,372	5.05%
Other federal, state, and local	173,466	1.18%		40,496	0.28%
Other sources/transfers in	482,000	4.40%		472,000	4.40%
Total Revenues	\$ 14,670,657	100.00%	\$	12,869,660	100.00%

Unrestricted State Aid

The District is predominately funded by State Aid based on a blended count formula that the State of Michigan utilizes. State revenues to the District have decreased as a result of decreased enrollment from the previous year and increase in state aid foundation allowance. State aid blended membership from the fall count, excluding Community Schools, was 672 for fiscal year June 30, 2023 and 690 for fiscal year June 30, 2022.

Property Taxes

The District levied 18 mills (less Headlee reduction of .0630 mills) of property taxes on all Non-Homestead property located within the District for General Fund operations. The levy is assessed on the taxable value of the property. The increase in taxable value is limited to the lesser of the inflation rate of the prior year or 5%. When a property is sold, the taxable valuation of the sold property is readjusted to the State Equalized Value, which is approximately 50% of market value.

The District levied 4.0 mills of property taxes on all classes of property located within the District for bonded debt retirement. The levy is not subject to rollback provisions and is used to pay the principal and interest on bond obligations.

Operating Grants Federal, State, and Local

The primary sources are the Federal Title I/II, Part A Programs, the State funded At Risk Program, the Special Education Obligation funds required under the Headlee Amendment State of Michigan legislation, ESSER Formula funds, and Cares Act/Coronavirus Relief funds. Both Title I, Part A and At Risk Programs assist students who are deemed to be at risk in the instruction process.

ENROLLMENT

The District's 2022-2023 State aid blended membership enrollment from the fall count, less Community Schools, totaled 672. This is a decrease of 18 FTE's from the previous year. The district has been declining in enrollment for several years. The School District of the City of Iron Mountain is located in Michigan's Upper Peninsula. The area has experienced economic downturn in previous years but has seen an increase in employment opportunities due to some large area businesses. As a result of this, more families have moved to the area. The county however continues to experience declining birth rates from previous years.

Enrollment changes over the last ten years can be illustrated as follows:

		Increase
		(Decrease)
Fiscal	(Fall) Student	in Student
<u>Year</u>	<u>FTE</u>	Enrollment (FTE)
2022-23	672	(18)
2021-22	690	5
2020-21	685	(33)
2019-20	718	(64)
2018-19	782	(8)
2017-18	790	33
2016-17	757	(19)
2015-16	776	(37)
2014-15	813	(75)
2013-14	888	(107)

Student enrollment is important to the financial health of the District because state funding is based on a per pupil formula.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2023, the District had \$34,240,557 invested in land and building, furniture and equipment, vehicles and buses compared to \$34,121,529 at June 30, 2022. Of this amount, \$12,768,324 and \$12,316,756 has been depreciated at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 respectively. Net book value totaled \$21,472,233 at June 30, 2023, and \$21,804,773 at June 30, 2022. Due to budget constraints related to declining enrollment and the State of Michigan financial status, the ability to maintain these buildings is becoming increasingly difficult. The District maintains a \$5,000 threshold for capitalization of assets.

Outstanding Debt at Year End

As of June 30, 2023, the District had \$6,080,000 in bonds outstanding, compared to \$6,785,000 at June 30, 2022. The District collects bonded debt across the total property values. Therefore, total growth in valuation is an important element in determining the District's ability to retire bonded debt and/or to incur additional bond debt.

For information that is, more detailed regarding capital assets and debt administration, please review the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements located in the financial section of this report.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to give an overview of the financial conditions of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain. For additional detailed financial information contact:

Amanda Thoune
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School District of the City of Iron Mountain
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Iron Mountain, MI 49801
Office Telephone (906) 302-3308
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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

	Governmental
ASSETS:	Activities
Current assets:	
Cash and equivalents	A 5.511.5 -0
Accounts receivable	\$ 5,711,778
Taxes receivable	1,441
Due from other governments	9,914
Due from other governments	1,455,218_
Total current assets	7,178,351
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets	34,240,557
Accumulated depreciation	(12,768,324)
Total noncurrent assets	21,472,233
	21,772,233
TOTAL ASSETS	28,650,584
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
Pension outflow	4,231,025
Other post employment benefits outflow	1,122,665
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,353,690
LIABILITIES:	:/
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	170.054
Accrued salaries	172,254
Accrued interest	299,991
Accrued expenses	27,673
Unearned revenue	314,979
Vested sick leave	323,906
Early retirement	21,464
Bonds payable	38,400
Solido parabio	715,000
Total current liabilities	1,913,667
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Vested sick leave	51,819
Early retirement	91,200
Bonds payable	5,365,000
Net pension liability	15,718,993
Net other post employment benefits liability	862,361
Total noncurrent liabilities	22,089,373
TOTAL LIABILITIES	24,003,040
	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

DEFERRED INFLO	OWS !	OF I	RESOU	JRCES:
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TOTAL NET POSITION

Pension inflow Other post employment benefits inflow	818,379 2,055,950
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,874,329
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	15,392,233
Restricted	438,760
Unrestricted	(8,704,088)

\$ 7,126,905







SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue

			Program Revenue		,	iges in Net Position
			Flogram Revenue			-
<u>FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS</u> PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction Support School service Community schools Depreciation Debt interest, fees and expenses	\$ (5,100,894) (4,389,564) (699,712) (718,553) (451,569) (179,448)	\$ 20,654 472,142 138,470 291,343	\$ 1,332,835 494,595 420,270 209,816	\$ - - - -	\$	(3,747,405) (3,422,827) (140,972) (217,394) (451,569) (179,448)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ (11,539,740)	\$ 922,609	\$ 2,457,516	\$ -	\$	(8,159,615)
	General revenues: Property taxes State revenue sh Unrestricted inve	-			\$	2,895,499 7,739,567 12,965 160,504
	Total general re-	venues and transfers	S			10,808,535
	Changes in net	position				2,648,920
	Net position, begi	nning of year				4,477,985
	Net position, end	of year			\$	7,126,905

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

	General	Community Schools	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:					
Cash and equivalents	\$ 2,225,372	\$ 1,889,447	\$ 171,800	\$ 1,424,159	\$ 5,710,778
Accounts receivable	318	874	249		1,441
Prepaid expense	9,914	0.50		3.5	9,914
Due from other governments	1,209,156	244,365		1,697	1,455,218
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,444,760	\$ 2,134,686	\$ 172,049	\$ 1,425,856	\$ 7,177,351
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$ 20,266	\$ 150,920	\$	\$ 68	\$ 171,254
Accrued salaries	281,520	18,471	15	37.1	299,991
Accrued expenses	272,546	24,065	42	18,368	314,979
Unearned revenue	298,402	25,504		-	323,906
TOTAL LIABILITIES	872,734	218,960		18,436	1,110,130
FUND BALANCE AND					
OTHER CREDITS:					
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	9,914	0.70	1.0	. F# 2	9,914
Restricted	2	0.20	172,049	266,711	438,760
Assigned	2	31,569		1,140,709	1,172,278
Unassigned	2,562,112	1,884,157	165		4,446,269
TOTAL FUND BALANCE AND					
OTHER CREDITS	2,572,026	1,915,726	172,049_	1,407,420	6,067,221
TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND BALANCE AND OTHER	\$ 3,444,760	\$ 2,134,686	\$ 172,049	\$ 1,425,856	\$ 7,177,351



RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 6,067,221

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Total capital assets
Accumulated depreciation

34,240,557

(12,768,324)

Net capital assets

21,472,233

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (including other post employment benefits - OPEB) are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those resources consist of:

Deferred outflows of pension and OPEB resources
Deferred inflows of pension and OPEB resources

5,353,690 (2,874,329)

Net deferred pension and OPEB resources

2,479,361

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net assets.

Accrued interest on long-term debt

(27,673)

Bonds payable (6,080,000)Vested sick leave (73,283)Teacher early retirement (129,600)Net pension liability (15,718,993)Net OPEB liability (862,361)

Total net position of governmental activities

\$ 7,126,905

(22,891,910)

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General	Community	Debt	Governmental	
		Schools	Service	Funds	Governmental Funds
REVENUES:		Serious	Service	Tungs	Tultus
Local sources	\$ 1,871,258	\$ 596,223	\$ 945,333	\$ 197,036	\$ 3,609,850
State sources	6,535,092	1,178,677		25,796	7,739,565
Federal sources	1,361,020	359,356		291,469	2,011,845
TOTAL REVENUES	9,767,370	2,134,256	945,333	514,301	13,361,260
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction	5,046,974	373,745	-	(<u>4</u>)	5,420,719
Supporting services	3,773,807	880,937	•	000	4,654,744
Debt service			886,798	· •	886,798
School service	294,442	*		457,869	752,311
Community activities	21,244	724,331			745,575
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,136,467	1,979,013	886,798	457,869	12,460,147
EXCESS OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	630,903	155,243	58,535	56,432	901,113
OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES):					
Payments received from other					
governmental units	287,843	410,415	4		698,258
Other sources	2,384	6,000	-	120,752	129,136
Transfers in	182,000	·	2	300,000	482,000
Other uses	(4,872)	(19,539)	-	(33)	(24,444)
Transfers out	(300,000)	(170,000)		(12,000)	(482,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	167,355	226,876	· ·	408,719	802,950
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER					
FINANCING SOURCES OVER					
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	798,258	382,119	58,535	465,151	1,704,063
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	1,773,768	1,533,607	113,514	942,269	3,379,105
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 2,572,026	\$1,915,726	\$ 172,049	\$ 1,407,420	\$ 6,067,221



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 1,704,063

The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense, \$(451,569) exceeded capital outlay \$119,028.

(332,541)

The change in deferred outflows/inflows and net pension and OPEB liability is not recorded in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities this change is recognized as an adjustment to instruction, support and community service expenses as it relates to these categories.

Bond and loan proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of position.

557,866

Bond/state loan principal repayments

705,000

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This adjustment combines the following net changes:

Early retirement obligation	9,600
Compensated absences	2,577
Accrued interest	2,355

Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ 2,648,920



STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2023

	T	rust Funds
	Expendable	Non-Expendable
	Trust	Trust
ASSETS:		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 26,739	\$ 10,000
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7
NET POSITION:		
Held in trust for scholarships	_\$ 26,739	\$ 10,000





NDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Trust Funds
	Expendable Trust	Non-Expendable Trust
ADDITIONS:		
Interest/dividends earned	\$ 2	54 \$ 218
Transfer in		19 -
TOTAL ADDITIONS	4	73 218
DEDUCTIONS:		
Transfer out	1,0	00 218
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	1,0	00 218
Change in net position	(5	27)
NET POSITION,		
BEGINNING OF YEAR	27,2	66 10,000
NET POSITION,		
END OF YEAR	\$ 26,7	39 \$ 10,000



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying basic financial statements of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain ("District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below.

In June 1999, the GASB issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the statement include the following:

A Management's Discussion and Analysis section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations.

Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the District's activities.

A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

Effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011, GASB Statement No. 63, effective for periods after December 15, 2012, GASB 65 amends Statement No. 34, and effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, GASB Statement No. 68 an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71 an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Statement No. 63 and No. 65 establish standards for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. Statements No. 68, 71 and 75 establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures for defined benefit pension plans and Other Post-Employment Benefits. Effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, GASB Statement No. 84 establishes standards for reporting fiduciary activities. GASB Statement No. 87, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022, establishes lease reporting standards. GASB Statement No. 96, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022, establishes subscription-based information technology arrangements.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including notes to financial statements). The District has elected to implement the provisions of the Statements.

A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP, currently GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity and as amended by GASB Statement No. 61.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be include in the reporting entity's financial statements include budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, appointment of the respective governing board, and scope of public service.

Based on the foregoing criteria, it has been determined that there are no component units of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain.

B. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). The government-wide financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the District's activities are classified as governmental activities except for fiduciary activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis, (b) and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted.

The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs. In creating the government-wide financial statements the District has eliminated interfund transactions.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenue and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into generic fund types in two broad fund categories as follows:

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for the acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, except for those accounted for in fiduciary funds. Governmental fund types use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial transactions of the District, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District uses the Special Revenue Fund to account for the School District of the City of Iron Mountain's Community Schools' activity and food service.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Project Funds - Capital Project Funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the government under the terms of a formal trust agreement.

> Expendable Trust Fund – The expendable trust fund is accounted for in essentially the same manner as the governmental fund types, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. Expendable trust funds account for assets where both the principal and interest may be spent.

> Non-Expendable Trust Fund - The non-expendable trust fund is accounted for utilizing the accrual method of accounting. Non-expendable trust funds account for assets of which the principal may not be spent.





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. <u>Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

Account Groups – Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the District's general fixed assets and long-term obligations. The following are the District's account groups:

> General Fixed Assets - This group of accounts was established to account for all general fixed assets of the District.

> General Long-Term Obligations - This group of accounts has been established to account for unmatured general long-term obligations and certain other liabilities of the District not expected to be liquidated through the use of available expendable financial resources.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus. The governmental-wide statement uses the economic resources measurement focus.

Accrual

Governmental activity in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available (susceptible to accrual). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after the year end. A one-year period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Those revenues prone to accrual are property taxes, federal aid, interestrevenue, and charges for services.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The District reports deferred revenue on its governmental fund balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

State Foundation Revenue - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the State of Michigan adopted a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. In previous years, the state utilized a district power equalizing approach. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the foundation allowance was based on 10% of the pupil membership count taken in February of 2022 and 90% taken in October of 2022.

Expenditures and related liabilities are recognized when obligations are incurred as a result of the receipt of goods and services. Modifications include:

Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments of principal and interest to be made early in the following year.

E. Cash and Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. Cash and equivalent balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

F. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The current portion of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds are identified as "due to/from other funds". The non-current portion of outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds". Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Transfers represent a flow of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return or a requirement for repayment.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and additions Buses and other vehicles Furniture and other equipment

20-50 years 5-10 years

5-20 years

The District has adopted a capitalization policy of \$5,000.

H. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

Compensated Absences

Amounts representing accumulated vacation and personal leave expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the government fund that will pay it.

J. Property Taxes

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied as of December 1 and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer and become a lien on the first day of the levy year. The actual due dates are February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity. School District property tax revenues are recognized as revenue when levied to the extent they result in current receivables (collected within sixty days after year end). Amounts received subsequent to August 31 are recognized as revenue when collected.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Property Taxes (Continued)

The District, along with certain other governmental units, is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Michigan of 1963 to levy combined taxes up to \$50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services other than the payment of Debt Service Fund expenses if approved by a majority of the electors. The District must include certain tax levies of other governmental units located within the District, primarily the county, when determining the maximum millage of \$50 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District levied the following amounts per \$1,000 of assessed valuation.

Fund Mills

General Fund - Non-Homestead (less Headlee reduction of .0630 mills) 17.937 Debt Retirement 4.000

K. Unemployment Insurance

The District reimburses the Unemployment Insurance Agency (UIA) for the actual amount of unemployment benefits disbursed by the UIA on behalf of the District. Billings received for amounts paid by the UIA through June 30 are accrued.

L. Fund Balance

Nonspendable fund balances represent amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The restricted fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount that has been legally identified for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances represent amounts set aside by the governing body for specific purposes, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. Under the District's policy, amounts may be assigned by the Director of Finance under the authorization of the Board of Education. The unassigned fund balances for governmental funds represent the amount available for budgeting future operations.

M. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary date reflected in the financial statements:

1. The Superintendent submits to the School Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budget is at the functional level as set forth in the combined statement of revenues. expenditures and changes in fund balances - budget and actual - all governmental fund types.





ANDERSON, TACKMAI & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Budgets (Continued)

- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1st, the budget is legally adopted by School Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated, or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred unless authorized in the budget, or in excess of the amount appropriated. Any material expenditures in violation of the budgeting act are disclosed in the footnotes.
- 4. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund.
- 6. The budget, as presented, has been amended. Supplemental appropriations were made during the year with the last one approved June 13, 2023.

The budget for the year ended June 30, 2023 was adopted on June 14, 2022 and formally amended at each monthly board of education meeting.

A comparison of actual results of operations to the budgeted amounts (at the level of control adopted by the Board of Education) for the General Fund and Community Schools is presented as Required Supplemental Information.





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Pension:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Systems (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Other Post-Employment Benefits:

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Systems (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

Deposits

The District's cash and equivalents, as reported in the Statement of Net Position, consisted of the following:

Petty cash \$ 300 ICS accounts $\frac{5,711,478}{}$

Total cash and equivalents \$5,713,778

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. State law requires the District's Deposit Accounts be fully insured. As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments were not exposed to credit risk, due to them being fully insured.

Investments

The District held no investments at June 30, 2023.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Michigan statues authorize the District to invest in bonds, other direct obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, certificates of deposits, savings accounts, deposit accounts or receipts of a bank which is a member of the FDIC, commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and matures within 270 days of date of purchase, bankers' acceptances of United States banks, obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions, external investment pools, and certain mutual funds.

Investments are recorded at fair market value, which is based on quoted market prices.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments were not exposed to credit risk due to them being fully insured.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the District's investments. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows and represent amounts transferred to other funds to cover expenses incurred in the other funds.

		Transfers		Transfers
Fund		In	Fund	Out
General Fund		\$ 182,000	Community Schools	\$ 170,000
Building & Site		300,000	Food Service	12,000
			General Fund	300,000
	Total	\$ 482,000	Total	\$ 482,000



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 follows:

Accordance as bis at the Jennes' 12 and		uly 1, 2022	aly 1, 2022 Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2023	
Assets not subject to depreciation: Land	\$	9,221,822	\$	30	\$		\$	9,221,822
Assets subject to depreciation:								
Land improvements		1,224,736		90,189		::		1,314,925
Building		21,520,729		•				21,520,729
Equipment	-	2,154,242	_	28,839	-		-	2,183,081
TOTALS		34,121,529	<u>\$</u>	119,028	\$			34,240,557
Accumulated depreciation	_((12,316,756)	\$	(451,569)	<u>\$</u>	1 *	-	(12,768,324)
Net capital assets	\$	21,804,773					\$	21,472,233

^{*} Dollar deletion due to years of rounding

Depreciation for the year ended June 30, 2023, amounted to \$451,569. The District determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation to various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Balance June 30, 2023	Amounts Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 6,785,000	\$ -	\$ (705,000)	\$ 6,080,000	\$ 715,000
Employee Benefits:					
Teachers Early Retirement	139,200	24,000	(33,600)	129,600	38,400
Vested Sick Pay	75,860	17,882	(20,458)	73,284	21,464
Net Pension Liability	10,115,154	5,603,839		15,718,993	
Net OPEB Liability	648,429	213,932	-	862,361	-
TOTALS	\$ 17,763,643	\$5,859,653	\$ (759,058)	\$ 22,864,238	\$ 774,864



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2023 is comprised of the following amounts:

1. 2013 School Building and Site Bonds due in installments of \$370,000 to \$800,000 through May 1, 2031 plus interest between 2.00% and 3.00%.

\$ 6,080,000

2. Teacher Early Retirement

129,600

3. Vested sick and vacation pay.

73,284

4. Net pension liability.

15,718,993

5. Net OPEB liability.

862,361

TOTAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

\$22,864,238

The annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

 Bond 1	[ssue	s	Employee		Pension & OPEB																													
 Principal		Interest	Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits		Benefits Liability		Total	
	0																																	
\$ 715,000	\$	166,038	\$	59,864	\$	=	\$	940,902																										
725,000		151,738		55,872		*		932,610																										
740,000		133,613		43,363		*		916,976																										
755,000		115,113		26,816		2		896,929																										
770,000		94,350		9,460		9		873,810																										
2,375,000	,	142,950	8-	7,508	_	16,581,354		19,106,812																										
\$ 6,080,000	\$	803,802	\$	202,883	\$	16,581,354	\$	23,668,039																										
\$ \$	Principal \$ 715,000 725,000 740,000 755,000 770,000 2,375,000	Principal \$ 715,000 \$ 725,000 740,000 755,000 770,000 2,375,000	\$ 715,000 \$ 166,038 725,000 151,738 740,000 133,613 755,000 115,113 770,000 94,350 2,375,000 142,950	Principal Interest E \$ 715,000 \$ 166,038 \$ 725,000 151,738 740,000 133,613 755,000 115,113 770,000 94,350 2,375,000 142,950 142,950	Principal Interest Benefits \$ 715,000 \$ 166,038 \$ 59,864 725,000 151,738 55,872 740,000 133,613 43,363 755,000 115,113 26,816 770,000 94,350 9,460 2,375,000 142,950 7,508	Principal Interest Benefits \$ 715,000 \$ 166,038 \$ 59,864 \$ 725,000 \$ 55,872 740,000 133,613 43,363 43,363 755,000 115,113 26,816 770,000 94,350 9,460 2,375,000 142,950 7,508	Principal Interest Benefits Liability \$ 715,000 \$ 166,038 \$ 59,864 \$ - 725,000 151,738 55,872 - 740,000 133,613 43,363 - 755,000 115,113 26,816 - 770,000 94,350 9,460 - 2,375,000 142,950 7,508 16,581,354	Principal Interest Benefits Liability \$ 715,000 \$ 166,038 \$ 59,864 \$ - \$ 725,000 \$ 55,872 - - 740,000 \$ 133,613 43,363 - - 755,000 \$ 115,113 26,816 - - 770,000 94,350 9,460 - 2,375,000 \$ 142,950 7,508 \$ 16,581,354																										

Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$194,038.

NOTE 6 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

At June 30, 2023 accumulated non-vested sick time amounted to \$50,628. Non-vested, unused sick time does not vest and so is not included in the general long-term debt account group.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - FUND - BALANCES

Portions of fund balances are restricted, assigned, or nonspendable and not available for general purposes other than fund usage as follows:

General Fund – Non-spendable- prepaid expense	<u>\$ 9,914</u>
Community Schools - Assigned for Jr. High Basketball Great 8 Games	\$ <u>31,569</u>
Food Service – Restricted for food service	\$ 201,004
Debt Service – Restricted for debt service	\$ <u>172,049</u>
Building and Site Fund – Assigned for construction projects	\$ <u>1,140,709</u>
Student Activities – Restricted for various activities	\$ <u>65,707</u>

NOTE 8 - SIGNIFICANT ESTIMATES

Included in Note 9 and 10 is a summary of the employee retirement plan provisions and actuarial assumptions. The actuarial assumptions are very critical to the computation of actuarial determined liabilities of the plan. If the assumptions differ from actual results annual contributions to the defined benefit plan can substantially change.

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a costsharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits for are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2021 valuation will be amortized over a 17-year period beginning October 1, 2021 and ending September 30, 2038.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Contribution Rates		
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Basic	0.0 - 4.0%	20.14%
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0%	20.14%
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4%	17.22%
Pension Plus 2	6.2%	19.93%
Defined Contribution	0.0%	13.73%

Required contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$1,422,568 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred **Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$15,718,993 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2020. the District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.04179614 percent, which was an decrease of 0.00092816 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,634,149. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the sources on the following page:



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred **Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)**

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$157,245	\$35,146
Changes of Assumptions	2,701,086	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	36,861	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	26,467	783,233
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,309,366	æ.
Total	\$4,231,025	\$818,379

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as reported in the table below:

by Year (To Be Reco	eferred Outflow of Resources ognized in Future Pension penses)
Year Ending September 30	Amount
2023	\$1,812,696
2024	\$329,989
2025	\$391,939
2026	\$878,022
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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:

September 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age, Normal

Wage Inflation Rate:

2.75%

Investment Rate of Return:

- MIP and Basic Plans:

6.00% net of investment expenses

- Pension Plus Plan:

6.00% net of investment expenses

-Pension Plus 2 Plan:

6.00% net of investment expenses

Projected Salary Increases:

2.75-11.55% including wage inflation at 2.75%

Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments:

3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members

Mortality:

Retirees:

RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for

females and adjusted for mortality improvements using

projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active Members:

P-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for

mortality improvements using projection scale MP-

2017 from 2006.



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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2022, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 4.3922 for non-university employers
- Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2022 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0%	5.1%
% Alternative Investment Pools	16.0	8.7
International Equity	15.0	6.7
Fixed Income Pools	13.0	(0.2)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.3
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.7
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	10.0	5.8
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.5)
TOTAL	100.0%	

^{*}Long term rate of return does not include 2.2% inflation

Rate of Return

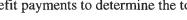
For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was (4.18)%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.00% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan, hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.00% (6.00% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00% (6.00% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

1% Decrease 5.00%	Current Single Discount Rate Assumption 6.00%	1% Increase 7.00%
\$20.743.231	\$15.718.993	\$11.578.704

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2021, valuation will be amortized over a 17-year period beginning October 1, 2021 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

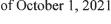
OPEB Contribution Rates			
Benefit Structure	Member	Employer	
		Universitie s	Non- Universities
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	6.79%	8.09%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	5.87%	7.23%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$310,137 for the year ended September 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$862,361 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.0471460 percent, which was an decrease of 0.00176696 percent from its proportion measured as of October 1, 2021.





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

For the year ending June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(393,547). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$-	\$1,689,034
Changes of Assumptions	768,650	62,588
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	67,400	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	37,497	304,328
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	249,118	~
Total	\$1,122,665	\$2,055,950

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	i Outflow of Resources by Year unure OPEB Expenses)
2023	(\$138,103)
2024	(\$362,524)
2025	(\$345,556)
2026	(\$49,074)
2027	(\$34,324)
Thereafter	(\$3,704)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age, Normal
Wage Inflation Rate:	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return:	6.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	2.75 – 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	Pre-65: 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
realificate Cost Heliu Rate.	Post-65: 5.25% Year 1 graded to

3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality:

Retirees:

RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale

MP-2017 from 2006.

Active Members:

P-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale

MP-2017 from 2006

Other Assumptions:

Opt Out Assumptions

Survivor Coverage

21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have

coverages continuing after the

retiree's death

Coverage Election at

Retirement

75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2022, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 6.2250 for non-university employers
- Recognition period for assets in years is 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2022 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Hanger Monastin	Long Term Expected Real Rase of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0%	5.1%
% Alternative Investment Pools	16,0	8.7
International Equity	15.0	6.7
Fixed Income Pools	13.0	(0.2)
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	5.3
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	2.7
Real Return/ Opportunistic Pools	10.0	5.8
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.5)
TOTAL	100.0%	

^{*}Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.2% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was (4.99)%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (Continued)

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

1% Decrease 5.00%	Corrent Discount Rate 6.00%	1% Increase 7.00%
\$1,446,527	\$862,361	\$370,420

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
\$361,115	\$862,361	\$1,425,019

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued 2022 MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participated in two distinct pools of educational institutions within the State of Michigan for self-insuring property and casualty and workers' disability compensation. The pools are considered public entity risk pools. The District pays annual premiums to each pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event a pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said year, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessment to make up the deficiency. Each of the pools maintain reinsurance for claims in excess of \$500,000 for each occurrence with the overall maximum coverage being unlimited. The District has not been informed of any special assessments being required. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including employee health and accident insurance.

NOTE 12 - USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Actual (Budgetary						
	Rudgeted	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original	Final	Basis) (Note 1)						
			5:						
REVENUES:									
Local sources	\$ 1,708,877	\$ 1,869,170	\$ 1,871,258						
State sources	5,587,332	6,483,748	6,535,092						
Federal sources	1,130,768	1,361,020	1,361,020						
TOTAL REVENUES	8,426,977	9,713,938	9,767,370						
EXPENDITURES:									
Instruction	4,760,115	5,038,069	5,046,974						
Supporting services	3,134,406	3,772,045	3,773,807						
School service	268,643	294,755	294,442						
Community activities	65,485	20,838	21,244						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,228,649	9,125,707	9,136,467						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)									
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	198,328	588,231	630,903						
OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES):									
Payments received from other									
governmental units	128,000	396,614	287,843						
Other sources	:=:	2,384	2,384						
Transfers in	20,000	30,000	182,000						
Other uses	€	(4,872)	(4,872)						
Payments to other governmental units	(15,000)	120	:5 5						
Transfers out		(300,000)	(300,000)						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)	133,000	124,126	167,355						
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES OVER									
REVENUES AND OTHER									
FINANCING SOURCES	331,328	712,357	798,258						
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	1,773,768	1,773,768	1,773,768						
	()								
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 2,105,096	\$ 2,486,125	\$ 2,572,026						

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COMMUNITY SCHOOLS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Actual
			(Budgetary
	Budgete	d Amounts	Basis)
	Original	Final	(Note 1)
			*
REVENUES:			
Local sources	\$ 466,129	\$ 567,926	\$ 596,223
State sources	1,080,417	1,190,854	1,178,677
Federal sources	274,423	254,167	359,356
TOTAL REVENUES	1,820,969	2,012,947	2,134,256
EXPENDITURES:			
Instruction	438,338	334,460	373,745
Supporting services	1,067,163	948,169	880,937
Community activities	647,307	833,049	724,331
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,152,808	2,115,678	1,979,013
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)			
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(331,839)	(102,731)	155,243
OTHER FINANCING			
SOURCES (USES):			
Payments received from other			
governmental units	357,717	400,000	410,415
Other sources	-	6,000	6,000
Payments to other governmental units	6,000	말	41
Other uses	5	(19,539)	(19,539)
Transfers out	(120,000)	(170,000)	(170,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING			
SOURCES (USES)	243,717	216,461	226,876
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER			
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER			
FINANCING USES	(88,122)	113,730	382,119
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	1,533,607	1,533,607	1,533,607
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$ 1,445,485	\$ 1,647,337	\$ 1,915,726



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
A. Reporting unit's proportion of net pension liability (%)		0.041796140%	0.042724300%	0.044957660%	0.047062790%	0.046114990%	0.045664900%	0.047201350%	0.050772370%	0.05427%
B. Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability		\$ 15,718,993	\$ 10,115,154	\$ 15,443,445	\$ 15,585,614	\$ 13,862,998	\$ 11,833,717	\$ 11,776,351	\$ 12,401,165	\$ 11,953,061
C. Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll		\$ 3,984,414	\$ 3,860,162	\$ 3,837,845	\$ 4,143,170	\$ 3,948,831	\$ 3,820,532	\$ 3,852,232	\$ 4,303,199	\$ 4,665,458
D. Reporting unit's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll (%)		394.51204%	262.03962%	402.39887%	376.17607%	351.06587%	309.74003%	305.70202%	288.18478%	256.20339%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		60.77%	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

A.	Statutorily required contributions	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	2022 \$1,422,568	2021 \$ 1,282,849	2020 \$1,232,117	2019 \$ 1,260,863	2018 \$ 1,168,551	2017 \$ 1,068,908	2016 \$1,087,501	2015 \$ 1,352,894
				Ψ1,722,500	Ψ1,202,049	Ψ1,232,117	Ψ1,200,005	Ψ1,100,551	Ψ1,000,200	Ψ1,007,201	ψ 1,55 2 ,651
В.	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions*			\$1,422,568	\$1,282,849	\$1,232,117	\$1,260,863	\$1,168,551	\$1,068,908	\$1,087,501	\$ 1,352,894
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ -	\$	\$ =	\$ -
D.	Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll			\$4,143,030	\$3,963,236	\$3,846,870	\$4,207,323	\$3,900,516	\$3,817,110	\$3,875,664	\$ 4,397,604
E.	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll			34.33642%	32.36873%	32.02908%	29.96830%	29.95888%	28.00307%	28.05973%	30.76434%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to MPSERS, which may differ from the statutorily required contributions.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Amounts were determined as of 9/30 of each fiscal year)

		<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
A.	Reporting unit's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)					0.040716%	0.042482%	0.04326612%	0.04740860%	0.04638581%	0.04560224%
В.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability					\$ 862,361	\$ 648,429	\$ 2,317,882	\$ 3,402,870	\$ 3,687,186	\$ 4,038,293
C.	Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll					\$3,984,414	\$ 3,860,162	\$ 3,837,845	\$ 4,143,170	\$ 3,948,831	\$ 3,820,532
D.	Reporting unit's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll (%)					21.64336%	16.79797%	60.39540%	82.13204%	93.37412%	105.69976%
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability					83.09%	87.33%	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE REPORTING UNIT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (Amounts were determined as of 6/30 of each fiscal year)

A.	Statutorily required OPEB contributions	<u>2027</u>	<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	\$	2023 310,137	\$ 2022 315,360	\$	<u>2021</u> 314,997	\$	2020 305,448	\$	2019 328,333	\$ 2018 280,792
В.	OPEB contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions*					\$	310,137	\$ 315,360	\$	314,997	\$	305,448	\$	328,333	\$ 280,792
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)					\$	140	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
D.	Reporting unit's covered- employee payroll					\$ 4	4,143,030	\$ 3,963,236	\$3	3,883,219	\$ 3	3,846,870	\$ 4	4,207,323	\$ 3,900,516
E.	OPEB contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll						7.48575%	7.95713%		8.11175%		7.94017%		7.80385%	7.19884%

^{*} Contributions in relation to statutorily required OPEB contributions are the contributions a reporting unit actually made to the OPEB Plans, as distinct from the statutorily required contributions.

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2023

		Special	Reven	ue			Total Nonmajor			
	_	Food Service		Student ctivities	Bui	lding & Site Fund	Go	vernmental Funds		
ASSETS: Cash and equivalents Due from other governments	\$	\$ 217,743 S 1,697		\$ 65,707		\$ 1,140,709		1,424,159 1,697		
	\$	219,440	\$	65,707	\$	1,140,709		1,425,856		
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$	68 18,368	\$	- <u> </u>	\$		\$	68 18,368		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		18,436		<u> </u>	_	= 8,		18,436		
FUND BALANCE AND OTHER CREDITS: Fund balances:										
Restricted Assigned	_	201,004		65,707	13	1,140,709		266,711 1,140,709		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE AND OTHER CREDITS	(201,004		65,707	_	1,140,709		1,407,420		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND BALANCE AND OTHER	<u>\$</u>	219,440	\$	65,707	\$	1,140,709	\$	1,425,856		



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special	Reven	iue			Tot	al Nonmajor	
		Food		Student	- Bui	lding & Site	Governmental		
		Service	A	ctivities		Fund		Funds	
REVENUES:									
Local sources	\$	61,302	\$	128,800	\$	6,934	\$	197,036	
State sources		25,796				5		25,796	
Federal sources		291,469	_				_	291,469	
TOTAL REVENUES		378,567		128,800		6,934		514,301	
EXPENDITURES:									
Supporting services		330,360		127,372		137_	_	457,869	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		330,360		127,372	_	137		457,869	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)									
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		48,207		1,428	_	6,797	_	56,432	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Other sources		S41		140		120,752		120,752	
Transfers in						300,000		300,000	
Other uses		(33)		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =				(33)	
Transfers out		(12,000)			_		_	(12,000)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(12.000)							
SOURCES (USES)	-	(12,033)			_	420,752	5	299,967	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER									
FINANCING USES		36,174		1,428		427,549		356,399	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1		164,830	_	64,279		713,160		942,269	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$	201,004	\$	65,707	\$_	1,140,709	\$	1,407,420	



SCHOOL DISTRICT OF THE CITY OF IRON MOUNTAIN FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

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ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education School District of the City of Iron Mountain Iron Mountain, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the governmental activities, each major fund, each fiduciary fund type and the aggregate remaining fund of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise School District of the City of Iron Mountain's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered School District of the City of Iron Mountain's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of the City of Iron Mountain's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain 's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses of significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS** (Continued)

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District of the City of Iron Mountain's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

School District of the City of Iron Mountain Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District of the City of Iron Mountain's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School District of the City of Iron Mountain's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

Inderson Jackman Co. Polo

Certified Public Accountants Iron Mountain, Michigan

October 27, 2023



& COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education School District of the City of Iron Mountain Iron Mountain, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited School District of the City of Iron Mountain compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of School District of the City of Iron Mountain's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District of the City of Iron Mountain's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion School District of the City of Iron Mountain complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of School District of the City of Iron Mountain's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to School District of the City of Iron Mountain's federal programs.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

(Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on School District of the City of Iron Mountain's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about School District of the City of Iron Mountain's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding School District of the City of Iron Mountain's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of School District of the City of Iron Mountain's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of School District of the City of Iron Mountain's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.



ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

(Continued)

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Underson Jackman . Co. Polo ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

Certified Public Accountants Iron Mountain, Michigan

October 27, 2023







SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL AWARDS

Awarding Agency/	Federal	Approved	July 1	, 2022				June 30, 2023
Award Description	Catalog	Grant Award	Accrued	Deferred	Prior Year	Current Year	Current Year	Accrued / (Deferred)
	Number	Amount	Receivable	Revenue	Expenditures	Expenditures	Receipts	Revenue
GENERAL FUND								
Flow Through - Michigan Department of Education								
U.S. Department of Education Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs								
Source Project #2315302233	84.010A	\$ 213,633 213,633	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 185,451 185,451	\$ 185,451 185,451	<u> </u>
Title II Part A - Teacher/Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	46.240	38,688		48,892		38,688	
Source Project #2205202122	84.367A 84.367A	46,340 43,455	38,088		48,892	26,744	26,74 4	5
Source Project #2305202233	64.307A	89,795	38,688		48,892	26,744	65,432	
<u>Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Enrich.</u> Source Project #2307502233	84.424A	15,343	20,000			12,260	12,260 12,260	
ESSER II Formula		15,343	·		-	12,260	12,200	
Source Project #2137122021	84.425D	619,400	2	£	591,922	27,478	27,478	2
Source Project #2137822233	84.425D	35,273	-		· ·	35,273	35,273	-
504.00 110,001 11212 1022	- 12/	654,673			591,922	62,751	62,751	
ESSER III Formula Source Project #2137132122	84.425U	1,392,074	340,538		340,538	1,051,536	1,392,074	
		1,392,074	340,538		340,538	1,051,536	1,392,074	-
TOTAL MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF EDUCAT	ION	2,365,518	379,226		981,352	1,338,742	1,717,968	<u> </u>
Flow Through Dickinson-Iron Intermediate School District:								
94-142 Flow Through Source Project #2304502233	84.027	22,278				22,278	22,278	<u>.</u>
TOTAL GENERAL FUND		\$ 2,387,796	\$ 379,226	<u>s -</u>	\$ 981,352	\$ 1,361,020	\$ 1,740,246	<u>s</u> -



SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL FINANCIAL AWARDS

Awarding Agency/ Award Description	Federal Catalog Number	Gı	Approved rant Award Amount	July 1, 20 Accrued Receivable		2022 Deferred Revenue		Prior Year Expenditures		Current Year Expenditures		Current Year Receipts		June 30, 2023 Accrued / (Deferred) Revenue	
COMMUNITY SCHOOLS															
Federal Adult Education ABE Instruction Source Project #221130221307 Source Project #221190221711 Source Project #231130231307 Source Project #231190231711	84.002 84.002 84.002 84.002	\$	38,384 20,554 39,205 21,000 119,143	\$	38,384 20,554 58,938	\$	2 5 2 2	\$	38,384 20,554 58,938	\$	39,205 21,000 60,205	\$	38,384 20,554 58,938	\$	39,205 21,000 60,205
Child Development & Care Block Grant Spring 2022 Child Care Relief Fund Summer 2022 Child Care Relief Fund	93.575 93.575	-	102,946 76,213 179,159				102,946		£	_	102,946 76,213 179,159	·—	76,213 76,213		
ESSER II Formula Source Project #2137122021 Source Project #2137822223 ESSER III Formula Source Project #2137132122	84.425D 84.425D 84.425U		92,145 5,742 97,887 207,092 207,092		3,017				88,184	-	3,961 5,742 9,703 110,289 110,289	<u> </u>	6,978 5,742 12,720 108,046 108,046		2,243 2,243
TOTAL COMMUNITY SCHOOLS		\$	603,281	\$	61,955	\$	102,946	\$	147,122	\$	359,356	\$	255,917	\$	62,448



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Awarding Agency/ Award Description	Federal Catalog Number	Gra	pproved nt Award mount	Accru Receiva	ed	, 2022 Deferred Revenue		ior Year penditures		errent Year		rrent Year Receipts	Accru	ne 30, 2023 led / (Deferred) Revenue
FOOD SERVICE FUND														
Flow Through - Michigan Department of Education														
U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.552		20.074				•		6	22.074		22.874	6	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$	32,874	\$: * 2	8	\$	*	3	32,874	3	32,874	\$	-
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555		224,748		(4)	0.55				224,748		224,748		
National School Lunch Program - Seamless Summer Option	10.555		287,454		(50	9,774		277,680		9,774				-
National School Lunch Program - Non-cash (Commodities-Regular)	10.555		21,777		3.0	3		*		21,777		21,777		*
National School Lunch Program - Non-cash (Commodities-Bonus)	10.555		1,669		727					1,669		1,669		2
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			568,522	_	*1	9,774		277,680	-	290,842		281,068	_	
Pandemic EBT Local Level	10.649	_	628				-		_	628		628		
TOTAL FOOD SERVICE FUND		\$	569,150	\$	_	\$ 9,774	\$	277,680	\$	291,470	\$	281,696	\$	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS		\$	3,560,227	\$ 441,1	81	\$ 112,720	\$_	1,406,154	\$	2,011,846	\$	2,277,859	\$	62,448

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain's federal award programs and presents transactions that are included in the financial statements of the District presented on the accrual basis of accounting, as contemplated by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 2 - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the schedule using Recipient Entitlement Balance Report and other district records. Spoilage of pilferage, if any, is included in expenditures.

NOTE 3 - COST REPORTS

Management has reported the expenditures in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards equal to those amounts reported in the annual or final cost reports.

NOTE 4 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT RECONCILIATION

CFDA#	Grant Name	General Fund Expenditure Reported	Community Service Fund Expenditure Reported	Total Grant Reported
84.425D	ESSER II	62,751	9,703	72,454
84.425U	ESSER III	1,051,536	110,289	1,161,825

NOTE 5 – INDIRECT COST RATE

School District of the City of Iron Mountain has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 6 – SEFA PREPARATION

Management has utilized the MDE NexSys Grant Auditor Report (GAR) in the preparation of the SEFA. There were no differences noted between the current payments reported in the GAR and amounts reported in the SEFA.



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statement

Type of auditor's report issued: <u>Unm</u>	odified					
Internal control over financial reportin	g:					
Material Weakness(es) identified	ied?	Yes	No No			
 Significant deficiency(ies) identificant deficiency (ies) identificant deficiency 		Yes	⊠ No			
Noncompliance material to financial st	tatements noted?	Yes	⊠ No			
	Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:						
• Material Weakness(es) identif	ied?	Yes	No No			
 Significant deficiency(ies) ide not considered to be material v 	Yes	⊠ No				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:						
Child Nutrition Cluster: <u>Unmodified</u>						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?						
Identification of major programs:						
<u>CFDA</u>	Name of Federal Progra	m or Cluster				
84.425	Education Stabilization F	und				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000						
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?		⊠ Yes	☐ No			





SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Finding 2023-001

Statement of Condition:

During the review of accounts receivable and accounts payable it was noted that neither accounts were not recorded for yearend financials.

Criteria:

Local units of government are required to have effective internal controls and accountability must be maintained for all funds.

The District does not have effective controls over its' financial reporting.

Questioned Costs:

\$19,948

Effect:

The financial statements could be misstated.

Cause:

Lack of internal controls over review of unrecorded liabilities and receivables.

Recommendation:

The District should implement a stronger review process for unrecorded payables at their fiscal year end.

Management's Response:

Management has implemented an internal control to more thoroughly review invoices received after June 30 to ensure all payables are captured and recorded.



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (Continued)

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

None





ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, P.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A Regional Firm with Offices throughout Michigan

Iron Mountain Office:

Shane M. Ellison, CPA, PC - Principal Lynn M. Mott, MSA - Principal

Michelle Christian, BSA - Senior

Member of:

Private Companies Practice Section American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

October 27, 2023

To the Board of Education School District of the City of Iron Mountain

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the fiduciary fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain for the year ended June 30, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 21, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by School District of the City of Iron Mountain are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during fiscal year 2023. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. There were no major sensitive accounting estimates.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 27, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to School District of the City of Iron Mountain 's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the MD&A, budgetary comparison schedule – general fund, and pension and OPEB schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

With respect to the combining balance sheet – nonmajor governmental funds and combining statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances – nonmajor governmental funds which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

School District of the City of Iron Mountain Page 3

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of the School District of the City of Iron Mountain and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

ANDERSON, TACKMAN & COMPANY, PLC

By: Shane M. Ellison, CPA, PC

Shane M. Ellison, President